

RD121

TOYOTA 8", IFS, 53MM CARRIER BEARING

AIR OPERATED
LOCKING DIFFERENTIAL
INSTALLATION GUIDE

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IMPORTANT:

BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO DISMANTLE YOUR VEHICLE FOR THIS INSTALLATION, PLEASE READ THIS INSTALLATION GUIDE IN ITS ENTIRETY, AS WELL AS ALL APPLICABLE SECTIONS OF YOUR VEHICLE MANUFACTURER'S SERVICE MANUAL.

1.1 Pre-Installation Preparation

This booklet is to be used in conjunction with your vehicle manufacturer's service manual. ARB endeavors to account for every possible variation in vehicle model when publishing its installation guides, and guides are updated regularly as new model information becomes available, however, the rapid and globally varied release of some vehicles makes it difficult to insure that your vehicle model has been accurately accounted for. In the case of any technical discrepancies between this guide and your service manual, we strongly advise that you adhere to the specifications and techniques as documented in your service manual.

Although your *ARB Air Locker* comes complete with all the step by step instructions you will need to supplement your vehicle manufacturer's service manual and install your new differential, ARB recommends that you have your *Air Locker* installed by a trained professional. Many ARB distributors around the world have been fully instructed in *Air Locker* installations by ARB, and have gained a wealth of experience and skill from years of performing similar installations.

Once you begin this installation your vehicle will be immobile until all steps of the installation are complete. Make sure your *Air Locker* kit is the correct model for your vehicle and that it contains all of the parts listed on back cover of this booklet. Also be sure you have appropriately equipped yourself with all the necessary tools, parts, and materials to complete this installation (see Section 1.2 *Tool-Kit Recommendations*), and that you have allowed for an appropriate amount of vehicle down time.

HINT: Place a ✓ mark inside each of the ☐ symbols as you complete each step. It is very important NOT to miss any of the steps!



1.2 Tool-Kit Recommendations

Below is a list of tools and supplies you <u>may need</u> to complete this installation. Requirements for your vehicle may vary. Please consult your vehicle service manual for additional recommendations.

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1.2.1 Tools
Standard automotive sizes (metric and/or imperial) of sockets, wrenches, Allan keys, and drills.
A dial indicator or other suitable measuring tool for checking ring & pinion backlash.
NOTE: Split 'clamshell' type Toyota differential housings require a long series dial indicator to check backlash.
A razor knife for nylon tubing.
A torque wrench (See vehicle service manual for required torque range)
A lubricant drain reservoir.
A slide hammer for removing CV axles.
Suitable measuring tools to measure a differential for preload shimming. (e.g., an automotive feeler gauge)
A 11.2mm [7/16"] drill and ¼"NPT tap for bulkhead fitting installation.
An automotive bearing puller (2 jawed) or a differential carrier bearing puller.
A bearing press or arbor press.
1.2.2 Supplies
☐ Thread lubricant/sealant compound (e.g., LOCTITE #567)
☐ Thread locking compound (e.g., LOCTITE #272)
A gasket sealant or replacement gasket for your differential.
 ☐ A sufficient volume of differential oil to completely refill your housing. (see the ARB Air Locker Operating and Service Manual for recommended lubricants)
A soap and water mixture to test for air leaks.
A selection of differential bearing shims to set-up preload and backlash.



2.1 Vehicle Support				
Safely secure the vehicle on a hoist. We recommend supporting the vehicle on a chassis hoist to keep the differential area at a convenient working height and to leave the wheels and axles free to be rotated and removed.				
Once supported in the air, chock the leave the vehicle in neutral.	e wheels (if necessary) and			
2.2 Differential Fluid Drain				
☐ Position a fluid drain reservoir unde☐ Remove the drain plug and drain al				
HINT: This is a good time to check for metal particles in your oil and on the end of the magnetic drain plug which may indicate a worn bearing or differential component. Once drained, reinstall the drain plug.				
2.3 Removing the Differential	Assembly			
Remove the stub axles from the differential housing according to your vehicle manufacturer's service manual.				
	asily damaged. Support the stracting it across the edges			
NOTE: Some Toyota IFS axles ca disconnecting the lower b				
these clips on-hand in cas sheared off while removin of the remains of the clips	a one-use part. Keep two of se the clip(s) are damaged or g the stub axle. Make sure all			
	☐ Disconnect the drive shaft from the drive pinion flange.☐ Completely remove the entire differential assembly.			



2.4 Checking the Current Backlash Amount

IMPORTANT:

This step is a precautionary measure recommended by ARB due to the fact that some aftermarket ring and pinion sets have been manufactured to run with different backlash settings than those specified by your vehicle manufacturer. Although ARB must recommend you set backlash according to your service manual guidelines, we also advise that you compare the backlash measurements taken here to the recommended backlash settings in your vehicle service manual. Measurements found to be outside of your service manual recommendations may indicate the need to deviate from those settings in order to achieve quiet running with a good contact mark.

Refer to your vehicle service manual or your local authorized ARB installer for more information.

Set a long series lever type dial indicator on one of the ring gear teeth. Access to the ring gear teeth is gained through the oil filler hole. (Refer to Figure 1.)



Insert a large flat screwdriver or pry-bar through one of the axle stub holes so that it wedges between the cross shaft and the carried body so that the differential center can be rotated by the cross shaft, and not by the spline of one of the differential gears.
While supporting the pinion gear by holding the drive shaft flange, rotate the differential in both directions (with the screwdriver or prybar) while observing the maximum variation in depth from the indicator (i.e., the highest value minus the lowest value). This value is referred to as the ring and pinion backlash.
Rotate the differential center 90° and measure again for accuracy. Record the average of all measurements.

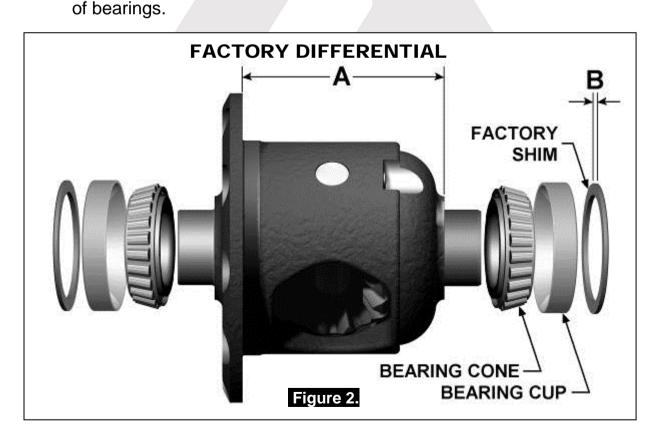


2.5 Rem	oving the Differential Center			
Remove the floating shaft (or ADD unit if present) from the side of the differential housing.				
NOTE:	The floating shaft or stub axle is retained by the same type of clip that was used to retain the outer stub axle. A slide hammer may be required for safe removal. Refer to your vehicle manufacturer's service manual.			
☐ Gently p☐ Using a	e all bolts from around the outside of the clamshell. bry the clamshell apart and remove the differential center. In arbor press, remove both bearing cups and preload shims sing on the face of the shims through the housing from the			
NOTE:	Be sure not to mix up the left and right hand tapered roller bearing cups or preload shims. Later it will be necessary to know which cup came from which bearing and which shim came from which side of the differential.			



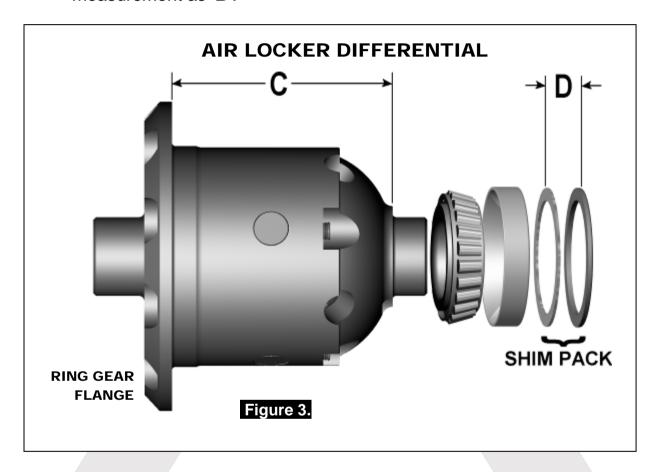
3.1 Approximate Backlash Shimming

In order to reproduce a similar preload and ring and pinion backlash in your Air Locker to that of your existing differential, measurements need to be taken so that a shim thickness can be calculated. ☐ Secure the differential to a work bench. Remove the bolts that hold the ring gear in place. NOTE: Ring gear bolt locking tabs used on some models will not be required on the Air Locker and may be discarded. Using a plastic or copper hammer, gently tap in a circle around the outside of the ring gear to separate it from the differential carrier. Remove the original bearings from the differential center using a bearing puller. NOTE: Keep the bearings separated so that they can be identified as to which end of the differential they came from. Examine the bearing cups and cones for damage or wear and, if necessary, discard them and replace with the same size and type





Using a caliper or similarly accurate measurement method (i.e., able to take accurate measurements within 0.04mm [0.0015"]), measure the distance from the shoulder of the bearing journal to the ring gear mounting face (shown as 'A' in Figure 2.) and record this measurement as 'A'.
Measure the thickness of the factory shim removed from the end of the differential carrier (shown as 'B' in Figure 2.) and record this measurement as 'B'.



☐ Measure the distance from the *Air Locker* bearing shoulder to the ring gear mounting face (shown as '**C**' in Figure 3.) and record this measurement as '**C**'.



3.2 Calculation & Selection of Backlash Shims

Ideally, the measurement you recorded as 'C' from the *Air Locker* differential will closely match 'A' on the existing differential (within 0.1mm [0.004"]) and then the factory shim can be reused, however, quite often these measurements will vary slightly between one factory differential and the next.

If this is the case you must create a new shim pack thickness by using the measurements you recorded earlier to find a desired measurement for '**D**' in Figure 3.

Use the following calculation:

$$A + B - C = D$$
 (Replacement Shim Pack)

HINT: If your calculations are correct then the following calculation will also be true:

$$A + B - C - D = ZERO$$

Create a shim pack to match the thickness calculated as 'D'.

To achieve the desired shim thickness you can:

- Machine down the factory shim thickness.
- · Add shims between the factory shim and the bearing cup.

HINT: A selection of shims of this size have been supplied with your *Air Locker* kit.

- Purchase new factory shims at the desired thickness.
- Use a universal shim kit available from most drive train specialists.
- Add small amounts of shim between the bearing cone and the bearing seat.

NOTE: NEVER machine the Air Locker.

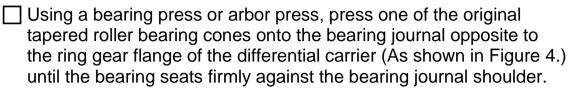


3.3 Mounting the Ring Gear				
Apply a thin film of high pressure grease to the ring gear shoulder of the <i>Air Locker</i> to prevent seizing.				
Thoroughly clean any thread locking compound or other foreign matter from the holes of the ring gear, the threads of the ring gear bolts, and the mating surfaces between the ring gear and the <i>Air Locker</i> flange.				
HINT: Stoning the ring gear mounting face before installation will remove any high spots around the threads.				
☐ Heat the ring gear to between 80 and 100°C [175 - 212°F] in hot water or in an oven to slightly expand the gear and facilitate assembly.				
NOTE: NEVER HEAT GEARS WITH A FLAME! This could				
damage the hardened surface of the gear and result in premature wear or failure.				
☐ Dry the gear and bolt holes with compressed air (if wet).				
Install the ring gear onto the <i>Air Locker</i> by aligning the bolt holes and then gently tapping it around in a circle with a soft mallet. Avoid using the bolts to pull down the ring gear as this puts excess strain on the bolts and the differential flange.				
Apply a thread locking compound to the thread of each ring gear bolt before inserting it. Do not apply threading compound directly into the threaded hole as this could prevent the bolt from reaching its full depth.				
☐ Tighten the ring gear bolts in a star pattern with a torque wrench according to your vehicle manufacturer's specified torque.				



3.4 Installing the Carrier Bearings

	pply a thir	n film of	high pr	essure	grease to	both	bearing	journals	of
th	e Air Loci	ker.							





Invert the *Air Locker* and press the second bearing cone onto the bearing journal on the ring gear flange side of the differential (the seal housing side) until the bearing seats firmly against the bearing journal shoulder.

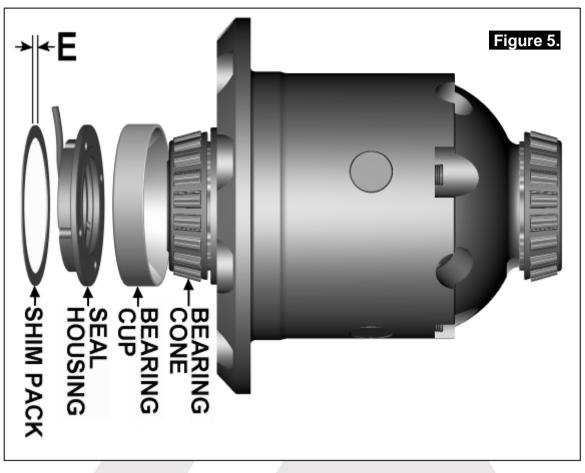
NOTE:

Never re-use any bearings which are damaged or worn. Do not add any shims between the seal housing bearing and the bearing seat.



3.5 Preload Shim Measurement

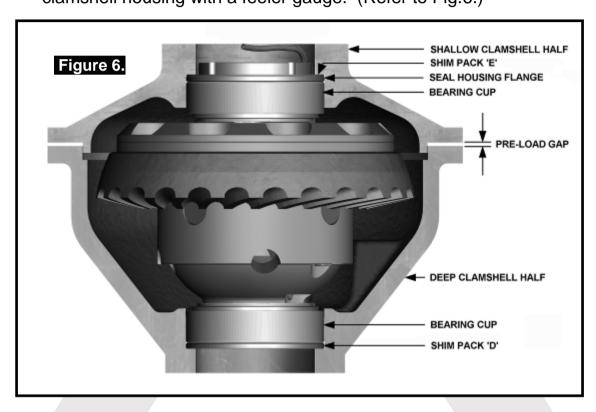
In order to preload the tapered roller bearings in your *Air Locker*, measurements need to be taken so that a value can be calculated for the total shim thickness '**E**' in Figure 5.



_	ble the shim pack determined earlier as ' D ' (Fig.3.) into the bore of the deep half of the clamshell.			
cup into	Using a bearing press or arbor press, press the appropriate bearing cup into the bottom of the same bearing bore (i.e., until it stops against the shim pack).			
HINT:	You should <u>not</u> be able to rotate the shim pack underneath the bearing cup if it has been pressed in far enough.			
_	e deep half of the clamshell sitting firmly on a horizontal , set the <i>Air Locker</i> into the bearing cup inside the clamshell			
_	ne seal housing tube so that it points straight away from the using flange.			
	ole any remaining shims from the <i>Air Locker</i> shim kit ed) together into one shim pack and measure the total ss.			



Assemble the shim pack onto the seal housing flange on the same side as the seal housing tube's solder joint.
Assemble the seal housing into the bearing bore in the shallow half of the clamshell (shims against the clamshell).
Using a bearing press or arbor press, press the remaining bearing cup into the bottom of the same bearing bore (until it stops against the seal housing).
Carefully assemble the shallow half of the clamshell over the top of the Air Locker.
Measure the preload gap that exists between the two halves of the



NOTE: The preload gap should be the same when measured all the way around the housing. If this is not true, then reposition the shallow clamshell half and re-measure.

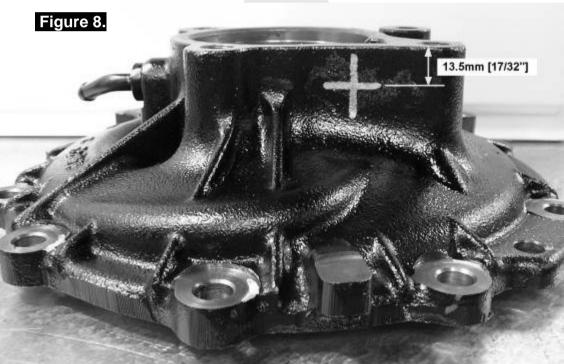
☐ Subtract the amount measured at the preload gap from the
thickness of the shim pack placed onto the seal housing flange
Record the result as this is your true 'end float' amount.



3.6	Calculation & Sele	ection of Preload Shims
_	•	ufacturer's service manual to determine d amount specified for your vehicle.
NOT	torque value me then assume a the following ca the housing to o Section 3.12 Ch that your preloa	manual specifies preload in terms of a easured off the drive pinion flange, preload amount of 0.25mm [0.01"] for alculations. Once you have assembled check the final backlash (Refer to ecking the Backlash) you should verify ad is correct using a torque wrench and anual's table of values.
de	•	amount to the end float measurement gauge to determine a shim amount for
	PRELOAD + EN	ND FLOAT = SHIM PACK
☐ Cr	reate a shim pack 'E' to	closely match the measured amount.
NOT		ns between the bearing cone and the divided MEVER machine the Air Locker.
3.7	Drilling & Tapping	the Bulkhead Port
clams		oped through the shallow half of the busing tube through the housing to the air compressor.
☐ Re	emove the <i>Air Locker</i> fro	om the housing.
	ress the shims, seal hou ore of the shallow half of	sing and bearing cup out of the bearing the clamshell.
	•	w half of the clamshell in the same tograph in Figure 7. and Figure 8.



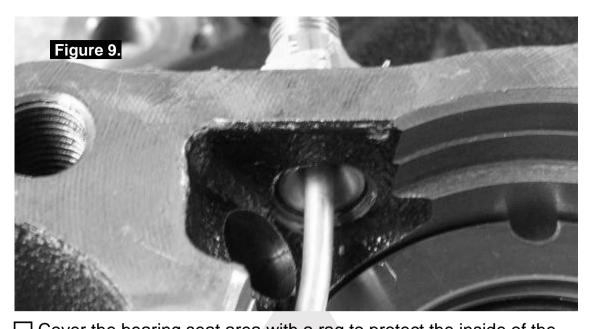




NOTE:

To best determine the correct vertical position of the drilled hole, measure down from the machined face (shown at the top of the picture in Figure 8.) a distance of 13.5mm [17/32"] and mark the horizontal line which the hole is centered on. Then refer to Figure 9. for the correct position on that line to start drilling.

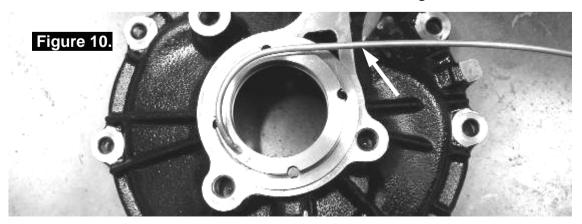




- Cover the bearing seat area with a rag to protect the inside of the clamshell from metal filings.
 Drill through the housing square to the outside surface using an 11.2mm [7/16"] drill.
- ☐ Tap the hole from the outside using a ¼" NPT pipe tap.
- Remove any sharp edges from the hole that may chip-off and fall. Carefully remove the rag and inspect with a service light inside the clamshell to insure no metal filings are left behind.

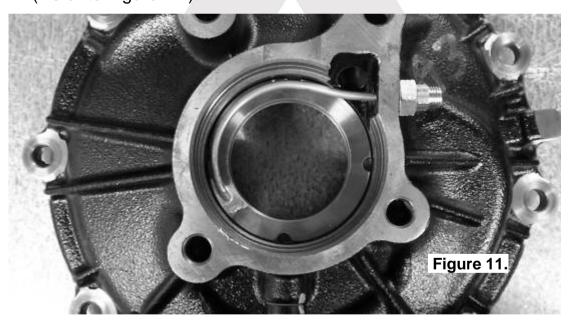
3.8 Installing the Seal Housing

- ☐ Sit the seal housing on top of the shallow clamshell half.
- Without using sharp, jagged tools such as pliers (usually your hands are the best tool for this job), gently bend the seal housing tube so that it lines up with the bulk head fitting hole as shown in Figure 10.
- Mark the tube approximately 8mm [5/16"] out from the end of the hole, and cut with an automotive brake line tubing cutter.





housing	ure the seal housing tube and the grooves of the seal gare clean and free from any contaminants (e.g., water, dirt, lings, etc.).
	the seal housing O-rings (supplied) for dirt, damage or onditions which might cause leaks.
NOTE:	Be careful not to bend the seal housing tube or damage the O-ring grooves.
	usly lubricate the O-rings with oil prior to assembly, then nem into the grooves of the seal housing.
NOTE:	When assembling the O-rings, be careful not to leave them twisted when seated in the grooves as this could cause excessive wear and leakage.
	ble the shim pack and seal housing ('E' in Figure 5.) into the bore of the shallow half of the clamshell.
goes th	the seal housing so that the end of the seal housing tube rough the center of the bulkhead port hole o Figure 11.).



Using a bearing press or arbor press, press the bearing cup into the bottom of the bearing bore until it stops against the seal housing.

NOTE: Do not use excessive force when pressing as this may damage the seal housing assembly.

NOTE: You should <u>not</u> be able to rotate the shim pack underneath the bearing cup if it has been pressed in far enough.

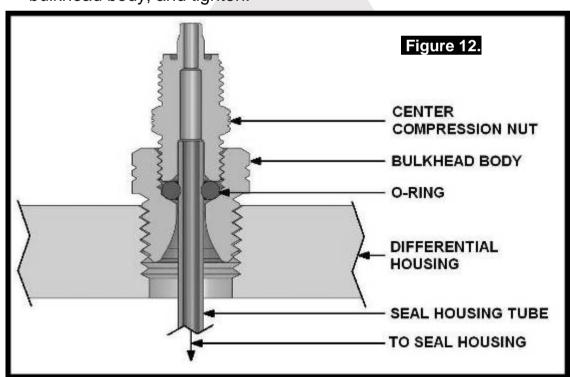


3.9 Installing the Bulkhead Fitting

- To obtain an oil tight seal, apply a thread sealant to the threads of the bulkhead body.
- Slide the bulkhead body over the seal housing tube and screw it into the bulkhead port, and tighten.
- ☐ Wipe the area clean of any excess thread sealant (inside and outside of the housing).

3.10 Setting Up the Bulkhead Fitting

- From the outside of the housing, assemble the small O-ring over the top of the small length of seal housing tube that can be seen inside the bulkhead fitting.
- While holding the seal housing tube at depth, insert the small drilled end of the center compression nut over the extended tube as shown in the assembly diagram (Fig.12.), and screw it into the bulkhead body, and tighten.



NOTE:

Excessive tightening of the center compression nut is not necessary to form a good seal around the tube and may damage the O-ring or the threads of the compression nut.

NOTE:

Make sure the seal housing tube is all of the way into the center compression nut while you are tightening it.



3.11 Final Assembly				
Turn the shallow half of the clamshell upside down and insert the <i>Air Locker</i> into the seal housing by gently lowering it through the bearing cup and into the seal housing with a gentle twisting motion. This will allow the O-rings to engage gently.				
Rotate the <i>Air Locker</i> a few turns to make sure it rotates freely and smoothly.				
Carefully assemble the deep half of the clamshell over the top of the <i>Air Locker</i> .				
☐ Bolt the clamshell assembly closed.				
☐ Check that some backlash can be felt between the ring and pinion gears. No backlash would be an early indication of incorrect shim thickness.				
☐ The seal housing tube needs to be carefully bent so that it will stay clear of any moving parts of the differential and not rub against any sharp stationary edges on the clamshell (Figure 11.).				
NOTE: The seal housing can be rotated slightly by lightly tapping the oil drain holes in the flange using a drift or pin punch.				



3.12 Checking the Backlash

Refer to your vehicle manufacturer's service manual for the specified maximum and minimum amounts of backlash. If the backlash measured here is not within the specifications then the differential will have to be re-shimmed.

☐ Set a long series lever type dial indicator on one of the ring gear teeth. Access to the ring gear teeth is gained through the oil filler hole. (Refer to Figure 13.)



Insert a large flat screwdriver or pry-bar through one of the axle stub holes so that it wedges between the cross shaft and the carrier body so that the differential center can be rotated by the cross shaft (not by the spline of one of the differential gears).
While supporting the pinion gear by holding the drive shaft flange, rotate the differential in both directions (with the screwdriver or prybar) while observing the maximum variation in depth from the indicator (i.e., the highest value minus the lowest value). This value is referred to as the ring and pinion backlash.
Rotate the differential center 90° and measure at least once more for accuracy.
Record the average of all measurements.



3.12.1 Re-Shimming the Backlash

NOTE: This step is only necessary when adjusting for incorrect backlash.
Remove the bolts from the clamshell housing.
☐ With the shallow half of the clamshell sitting firmly on a horizontal surface, lift off the deep half of the clamshell.
Gently lift the <i>Air Locker</i> straight upward out of the seal housing in the shallow half of the clamshell.
Remove the center compression nut from the bulkhead fitting. (Fig.12.)
Pull the seal housing tube free of the bulkhead fitting.
NOTE: This may require rotating the seal housing slightly.
Using an arbor press or bearing press, press out the seal housing assembly and the bearing cup from the deep half of the clamshell.
☐ To decrease the amount of backlash, reduce the shim thickness ' D ' (Fig.3.) and increase the shim thickness ' E ' (Fig.5.) by the same amount. Reverse this step to increase the backlash.
Reinstall the Air Locker into the differential assembly.
☐ Check backlash again as before.



3.13 Bench Testing the Air Locker □ To bench test the Air Locker, when 620kPa [90 PSI] shop air is applied to the seal housing tube, the Air Locker should engage. □ Check all fittings and the seal housing for air leaks. □ Rotate the differential carrier by turning the pinion flange whilst applying air pressure. NOTE: An accurate way to test for air leaks is to fit a shut-off valve to an air pressure gauge. (ARB part # ALTG01 shown in Fig.14.). Once 620 KPA [90 PSI] is reached close the valve, disconnect the air hose, and watch to see if there is any drop in pressure. If so, this will indicate an air leak.



☐ If a leak is found to be present, spray a soap and water mixture onto the bulkhead air fitting. Bubbles should appear at any leak points.
 NOTE: Do not spray this soapy mixture inside the differential.
 ☐ Check that leaky fittings have been adequately tightened.
 ☐ Disassemble, clean threads, and reapply thread sealant if leaking persists.
 ☐ If a leak is found at the seal housing, remove the Air Locker and carefully remove the seal housing assembly and examine the Orings. Be very careful with the Orings and check for defects, damage, wear, or presence of foreign material in the Oring grooves. Replace if necessary.

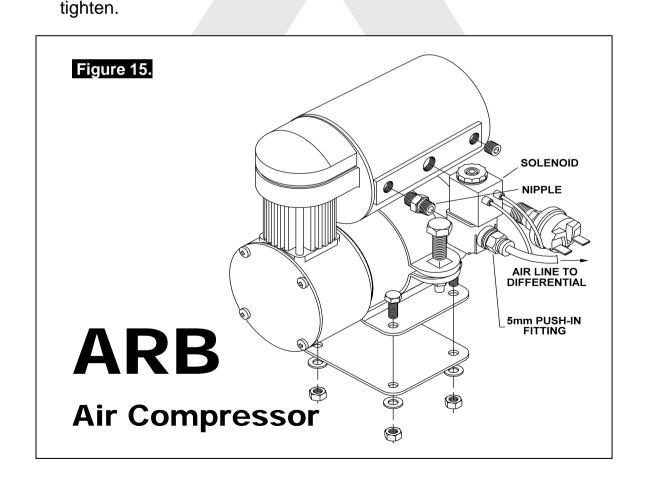


3.14 Reinstalling the Differential Assembly				
Reassemble the differential assembly according to your vehicle manufacturer's service manual using gasket sealant where necessary.				
NOTE: Be careful not to damage the sintered bushings in the ends of the <i>Air Locker</i> when installing axle stubs. The fit should be snug, and light tapping may be required to fully insert the stubs into the splines. In some cases a small chamfer may need to be ground onto the axle stubs as a lead-in for insertion into the bushings.				
☐ Install the differential assembly into the vehicle.				
Insert both CV axles completely into the housing and gently tap them inward until the retaining clips have seated.				
NOTE: Be careful not to damage oil seals with the axles.				
Reassemble brakes and wheels according to your vehicle's service manual.Reconnect the drive shaft flange.				



4.1 Mounting the Solenoid

Connection to an ARB Air Compressor Remove one of the 1/8" BSP plugs from its port in the compressor tank. Apply Teflon paste to the nipple (1/8" X 1/8" BSP) and insert it into the port and tighten. \square Apply Teflon paste to the free end of the nipple. Assemble the inlet port side of the solenoid (stamped with a '1') onto the nipple and hand tighten it. The solenoid should be rotated into a position which does not obstruct any other ports on the compressor tank. NOTE: The solenoid exhausts compressed air through the center of the black retaining cap when the Air Locker is disengaged. Make sure this orifice cannot be obstructed. Apply Teflon paste to the threads of the 5mm push-in fitting and assemble it into the solenoid outlet port (stamped "2") and hand





4.1.2 Connection to an Alternate Air Source

For ease of installation, quality of air supply, and a high level of dependability from your Air Locker(s), ARB strongly recommends use of a genuine ARB Air Compressor, however, the Air Locker air system can be operated on any alternate air source that meets each of the following quidelines: Must supply a minimum of 85PSI [586kPa]. The supply must never exceed 105PSI [724kPa]. The air source should have a tank capacity which enables it to actuate the Air Locker(s) in one charge so that no hesitation is experienced when locking one or two differentials. HINT: A good way to insure that you have the necessary capacity is to make sure you can engage, disengage, and then reengage your Air Locker(s) without the air source having to regenerate (e.g., without the compressor turning on to refill the tank). ☐ Must supply clean air, free of rust, dirt, water, or other foreign matter.

☐ Must match the 1/8" BSP porting of the *Air Locker* solenoid.

Mount solenoid within close proximity of the air supply and secure it from the effects of vibration and shock.

Connect the air supply to the 1/8" BSP inlet port of the solenoid (stamped "1" on the solenoid body) using thread sealant.

IMPORTANT:

ARB cannot warranty your *Air Locker*(s) against damage caused as a result of using an alternate air supply. If you have any doubts as to the suitability of your air system to use in an *Air Locker* system, consult your ARB distributor.

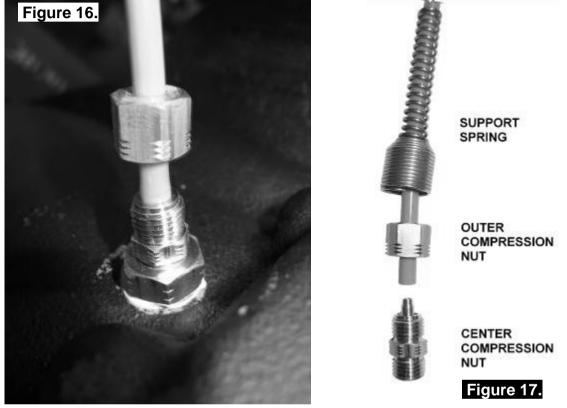


4.2 Running and Securing the Air Line

The path taken by the air line from your air source (i.e., compressor) to your Air Locker is unique to your vehicle and the position of your air source. Plan ahead carefully when running the air line and always follow these guidelines: Account for axle travel when running the line from the axle to a fixed point on the vehicle. Leave enough slack in the air line to allow for maximum suspension travel in both directions. Avoid leaving large lengths of air line hanging underneath the vehicle where they may get tangled on rocks, sticks, etc. HINT: Cable tying the air line to one of your flexible brake lines will account for axle travel and should help keep your line from getting snagged. Run the air line all the way from the compressor to the differential before trimming either end of the line to length. This will save complications which may arise if the air line has to be removed. Make sure the line does not contact sharp edges or abrasive surfaces that may damage the air line over time. Do not run the air line around tight bends which may kink the air line and restrict or block the air flow. □ Keep the air line well away from your vehicle's exhaust components. Air lines will melt if subjected to extreme heat. Do not run more air line than necessary. Excess line volume created when coiling the left over hose, using unusually large diameter hose, etc., will increase drain on the compressor tank resulting in the compressor running more often than needed. Support the air line by tying it back with cable ties wherever possible. At the solenoid end of the air line, trim the line to length with a sharp knife. To attach the air line to the push-in fitting of the solenoid; insert the line firmly into the fitting, pull outward on the flange of the fitting while holding the line as far into the fitting as possible, and then gently pull outward on the air line to clamp the line in place. NOTE: To remove the air line from the push-in fitting; pull outward on the flange of the fitting, push the air line as far into the fitting as possible and hold, push inward on the flange, and then pull the air line free of the fitting.



4.3 Connection to the Bulkhead Fitting Trim the air line to length using a sharp knife. Insert the support spring over the end of the air line - small end first. (Fig.17.) Insert the outer compression nut over the air line. Figure 16.



Push the airline onto the barb on the center compression nut, ensuring that it is pushed all the way to the end.

HINT: If the tube is too difficult to push on, place the end of the air line into a cup of boiled water to soften the tubing.

Screw on the outer compression nut and tighten, while supporting the center compression nut with a 3/8" spanner. The airline is now attached to the center compression nut.

NOTE: The outer compression nut will tighten against a stop. Over tightening will not create a better seal.

- Assemble the support spring over the outside of the outer compression nut.
- ☐ Secure any loose sections of tube with a cable tie.



5 Mounting & Connecting the Electrical System

5.1 Mounting the Actuator Switch(es)

Air Locker actuator switch(es) can be easily panel mounted inside the vehicle in a 21mm x 36.5mm [0.83" x 1.44"] rectangular cutout.

NOTE: Only attach the cover plate to the face of the switch once the switch has been mounted and wired correctly as the cover plates are designed to be difficult to remove.

For reasons of safety and for ease of operation, the *Air Locker* actuator switch(es) should be mounted in a location picked to best suit the operator. Make sure you have taken the following points into consideration:

Switch(es) MUST be mounted and should never be allowed to simply dangle from the wiring loom during vehicle use.
Switch(es) should be within easy reach of the driver. Ideally, any <i>Air Locker</i> switch should be able to be operated without physical effort or distraction to the driver. Switch(es) should be mounted within the line of sight of the driver so that switch position ('ON' or 'OFF') can be visually determined by the rocker position and the illumination state.
☐ The position of the switch(es) should best eliminate any possibility of accidental operation by the driver or one of the passengers.
Switch cutout position(s) must be located in an area with a minimum of 50mm [2"] of clearance behind the face of the cutout
Switch(es) should not be mounted where they will be exposed to water (e.g., in the lower section of an inner door panel).
□ ARB recommends that you apply the Air Locker warning sticker (ARB part # 210101) within close visual proximity of the switch location.
NOTE: If no adequate position can be found on existing

dashboard panels, a surface mounted bracket (Fig.18.) may be purchased from your *ARB Air Locker* distributor

Figure 18.



to suit 1, 2, or 3 switches.

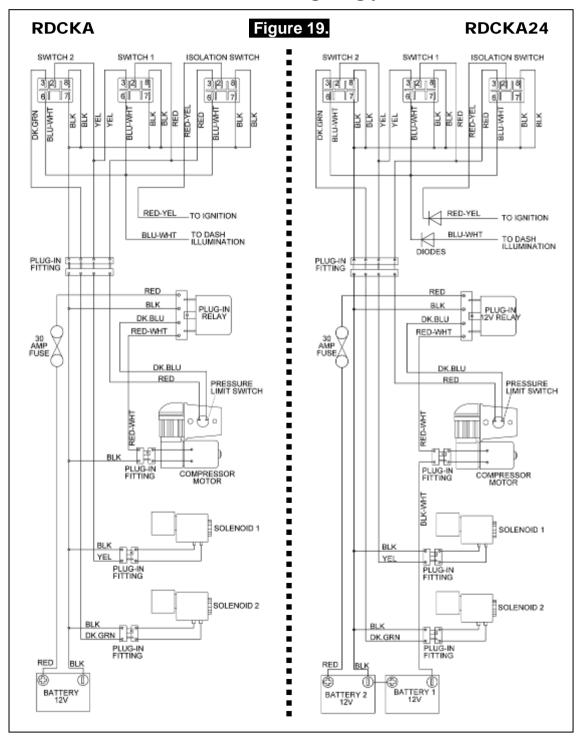


5.2 Wiring the Actuator System

5.2.1 Connection to an ARB Air Compressor

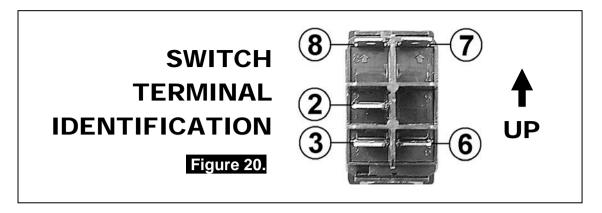
When wiring the *Air Locker* actuator switch(es) and solenoid(s) to an *ARB Air Compressor*, all connections can easily be set up directly from the supplied wiring loom (Fig.19.).

NOTE: RDCKA & RDCKA24 model looms shown for reference only. Refer to your ARB Air Compressor Installation Guide for details on configuring your installation.





5 Mounting & Connecting the Electrical System



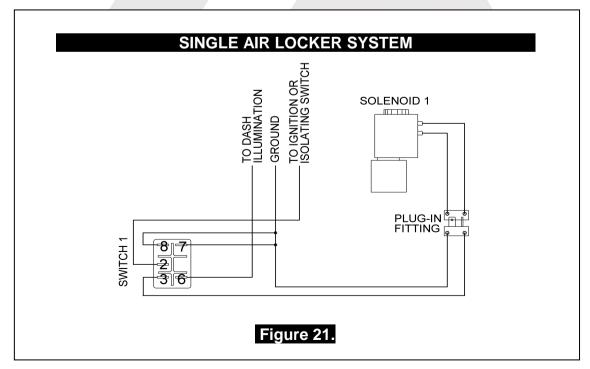
5.2.2 Connection to an Alternate Air Source

When connecting the actuation switch to an alternate air source, the switch(es) should be wired according to Figures 21. and 22., depending on whether one or two *Air Lockers* will be installed in the vehicle.

5.2.2.1 Single Air Locker System

- If only one *Air Locker* is to be installed in the system, the switch and solenoid should be wired according to Figure 21. regardless of whether the Air Locker has been installed in the front or rear axle of the vehicle.
- Attach the appropriate switch cover (i.e., 'FRONT' or 'REAR') to the switch.

NOTE: Refer to Figure 20. for the correct switch terminal identification and switch orientation.





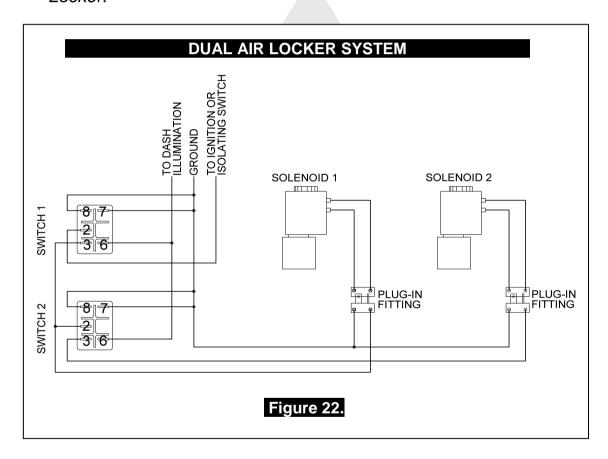
5 Mounting & Connecting the Electrical System

5.2.2.2 Dual Air Locker System

- ☐ If two Air Lockers are to be installed in the system, ARB recommends that the switches and solenoids be wired according to Figure 22. For safety reasons, this configuration allows SOLENOID 2 to be actuated only if SOLENOID 1 is already on.
- Attach the "REAR AIR LOCKER" switch cover to SWITCH 1, and the "FRONT AIR LOCKER" switch cover to SWITCH 2.

NOTE: Refer to Figure 20. for the correct switch terminal identification and switch orientation.

Configure SOLENOID 1 as the air line leading to the rear axle *Air Locker*, and SOLENOID 2 as the air line leading to the front axle *Air Locker*.





6 Testing & Final Assembly

6.1 Leak Testing
☐ With the vehicle parked and the engine off, turn the compressor on and wait until the air system is fully charged.
NOTE: With the Air Locker(s) disengaged, the air source (i.e., compressor) should not have to recharge over time. Intermittent recharging without Air Locker use usually indicates a leak at the solenoid fittings or at the compressor tank O-ring seal.
Actuate the Air Locker(s).
☐ The compressor should not come on again for a period of at least 15min. Air system recharging within that time period would indicate that a leak is present in the system.
NOTE: If an alternate air source (e.g., an air cylinder or a belt driven air pump) is used instead of a compressor, the air system will have to be leak tested with a pressure gauge and a shut-off valve in series before the solenoid input.
☐ If a leak is found to be present, spray a soap and water mixture onto all air fittings in the system while the compressor is fully charged. Bubbles should appear at any leak points.
☐ Check that leaky fittings have been adequately tightened.
☐ Disassemble, clean threads, and reapply thread sealant if leaking persists.
6.2 Testing the Air Locker Actuation
To test that your air system, electrical system, and your <i>Air Locker</i> differential is functioning correctly:
☐ Support the vehicle such that the wheels are free to rotate (e.g., on axle stands, a chassis hoist, etc.)
Leave the parking brake off, the transmission in neutral, and the <i>Air Locker</i> switch 'OFF'.
☐ Turn the ignition to the 'ON' position (leaving the motor off). The large illuminating symbol on the <i>Air Locker</i> switch cover should be 'OFF'.
☐ Turn the compressor (or alternate air source) on to charge the air supply up to its maximum pressure.
Rotate one wheel by hand. The wheel should rotate freely and the opposite wheel should be turning in the opposite direction without any resistance or mechanical noise from within the differential.



6 Testing & Final Assembly					
Turn the <i>Air Locker</i> switch to the 'ON' position. The illuminated symbol on the switch cover should light up.					
☐ Rotate the same wheel again.					
Both wheels should rotate together.					
Turn the switch off again.					
Rotate the same wheel.					
The wheels should again rotate in opposite directions.					
6.3 Re-Sealing & Filling the Differential					
NOTE: Consult the ARB Air Locker Operating & Service Manual for recommendations on differential lubricant specifications.					
Manual for recommendations on differential lubricant					
Manual for recommendations on differential lubricant specifications.					
Manual for recommendations on differential lubricant specifications. Refill the differential until level with the filler hole.					
Manual for recommendations on differential lubricant specifications. ☐ Refill the differential until level with the filler hole. ☐ Rotate the differential center 2 full turns.					
Manual for recommendations on differential lubricant specifications. ☐ Refill the differential until level with the filler hole. ☐ Rotate the differential center 2 full turns. ☐ Check the oil level and refill if necessary. ☐ Replace filler plug (apply thread sealant to filler plug before					



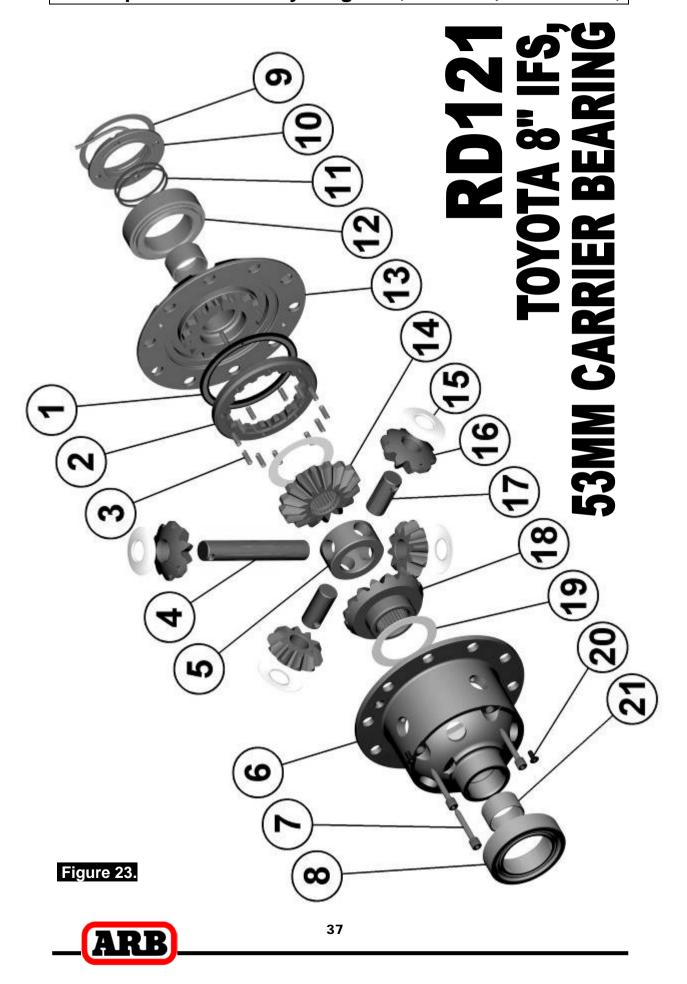
6 Testing & Final Assembly

6.4 Post-Installation Check List
Now that the <i>Air Locker</i> installation has been completed, ARB recommends that you take the time to complete the following check list just to insure that you haven't missed any of the vital steps.
☐ The air system has been leak tested.
☐ Thread locking compound was used on the ring gear bolts.
All torque settings comply with the vehicle manufacturer's specs and were set with an accurate torque wrench.
☐ Differential fluid complies with ARB recommendations and has been filled to the correct level.
All air lines and wiring have been securely cable tied to resist snagging.
Switch(es) have been securely mounted within operator reach, yet well away from danger of accidental engagement.
Switch(es) function correctly and illuminate to indicate that <i>Air Locker</i> (s) have been engaged.
☐ The Air Locker Warning Sticker has been located within close proximity of the actuator switch(es).
All operators who are to use the Air Locker have read, and fully understand the ARB Air Locker Operating & Service Manual.
INSTALLATION PERFORMED BY:
DATE OF INSTALLATION:
ODOMETER READING:
AIR LOCKER SERIAL No.:





7.1 Exploded Assembly Diagram (see itemized parts list overleaf)



7.2 Itemized Parts List

(see exploded diagram Fig. 23.)

AIR LOCKER MODEL No.: RD121					
ITEM#	QTY	DESCRIPTION	PART#		
1	1	BONDED SEAL	160702		
2	1	CLUTCH GEAR	050806		
3	8	RETURN SPRING	150113		
4	1	LONG CROSS SHAFT	060204		
5	1	SPIDER BLOCK	070201		
6	1	DIFFERENTIAL CASE	013008		
7	3	CROSS SHAFT RETAINING PIN	120601		
8		TAPERED ROLLER BEARING	NOT SUPPLIED		
9	1	SHIM KIT	SHK009		
10	1	SEAL HOUSING ASSEMBLY	081805		
11	2	SEAL HOUSING O-RING	160207		
12		TAPERED ROLLER BEARING	NOT SUPPLIED		
13	1	FLANGE CAP ASSEMBLY	027308		
14	1	LOCKING SIDE GEAR	728H111**		
15	4	PINION THRUST WASHER	151110		
16	4	PINION GEAR	728H111**		
17	2	SHORT CROSS SHAFT	060403		
18	1	SIDE GEAR	728H111**		
19	2	SIDE GEAR THRUST WASHER	151010		
20	2	CSK SCREW	200213		
21	2	ANTI-FRICTION BUSHING (PTFE)	160804		
*	1	NYLON AIR LINE (5mm Dia X 6m long)	170301		
*	1	BULKHEAD KIT, 3.5mm O-RING TYPE	170111		
*	1	PUSH-IN FITTING,5mm (R1 5 1/8")	170201		
*	1	SOLENOID VALVE (12V)	180103		
*	10	CABLE TIE	180301		
*	1	NIPPLE (1/8" to 1/8" BSPT)	170501		
*	1	ACTUATOR SWITCH	180209		
*	1	SWITCH COVER (FRONT)	180210		
*	1	BUMPER STICKER	210102		
*	1	WARNING STICKER	210101		
*	1	OPERATING & SERVICE MANUAL	210200		
*	1	INSTALLATION GUIDE	2102121		

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^{*} Not illustrated in exploded view.

** Available only as complete 6 gear set